

11.4 Adding & Subtracting Rational Expressions

* To add or subtract rational expressions with like denominators:

1) add or subtract the numerator (combine like terms)

2) write the sum or difference over the common denominator

3) Simplify

* Review Problem 1 on pg. 684 & Problem 2 on pg. 685

* Got it 1) $\frac{2a}{3a-4} + \frac{3a}{3a-4} = \frac{5a}{3a-4}$

* Got it 2)

A) $\frac{2}{z+3} - \frac{7}{z+3} = \frac{-5}{z+3}$

B) $\frac{9n-3}{10n-4} - \frac{3n+5}{10n-4} = \frac{6n-8}{10n-4} = \frac{2(3n-4)}{2(5n-2)} = \frac{3n-4}{5n-2}$

C) $\frac{7q-3}{q^2-4} - \frac{6q-5}{q^2-4} = \frac{1q+2}{q^2-4} = \frac{q+2}{(q+2)(q-2)} = \frac{1}{q-2}$

Unlike Denominators

* To add or subtract rational expressions with unlike denominator

- 1) find the least common denominator (LCD) / least common multiple (LCM) of the denominators
- 2) multiply both the numerator & denominator of both fractions to get the LCD
- 3) add or subtract the numerators & write the sum or difference over the LCM
- 4) Simplify

Example: $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{5}$

$$\frac{2(5)}{3(5)} + \frac{4(3)}{5(3)} = \frac{10}{15} + \frac{12}{15} = \frac{22}{15}$$

* Review Problem 3 on pg. 685

* Got it #3) $\frac{3}{7y^4} + \frac{2}{3y^2}$

$$3\left(\frac{3}{7y^4}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{3y^2}\right)7y^2$$

$$\frac{9}{21y^4} + \frac{14y^2}{21y^4} = \frac{14y^2 + 9}{21y^4}$$

* Review Problem 4 on pg. 686

* Got it 4) $\frac{c}{3c-1} - \frac{4}{c-2}$

$$c-2 \left(\frac{c}{3c-1} \right) - \left(\frac{4}{c-2} \right) (3c-1) = \frac{c(c-2)}{(c-2)(3c-1)} - \frac{4(3c-1)}{(3c-1)(c-2)}$$

$$\frac{c^2 - 2c}{(c-2)(3c-1)} - \frac{12c - 4}{(3c-1)(c-2)} = \frac{c^2 - 14c + 4}{(c-2)(3c-1)}$$

11-4

pg. 687 #9-15 odd, 25-31 odd &
37-41 odd

$$9) \frac{5}{c-5} + \frac{9}{c-5} = \frac{14}{c-5}$$

$$11) \frac{6c-28}{2c+7} \text{ OR } \frac{2(3c-14)}{2c+7}$$

$$13) \frac{n+2}{n^2+4n+4} = \frac{n+2}{(n+2)(n+2)} = \frac{1}{n+2}$$

$$15) \frac{2n+8}{n+4} = \frac{2(n+4)}{n+4} = 2$$

$$25) \frac{7}{3a} + \frac{2}{5} \cdot 3a = \frac{35}{15a} + \frac{6a}{15a} = \frac{35+6a}{15a}$$

$$27) \frac{27}{n^3} - \frac{9}{7n^2} \cdot n = \frac{189}{7n^3} - \frac{9n}{7n^3} = \frac{9(21-n)}{7n^3}$$

or

$$\frac{189-9n}{7n^3}$$

$$29) \frac{a}{a+5} - \frac{4}{a+5} \stackrel{a+3}{=} \frac{(a-3)(a+4)}{(a+3)(a+5)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a(a+5) - 4(a+3) \\ & a^2 + 5a - (4a + 12) \\ & a^2 + a - 12 \\ & (a-3)(a+4) \end{aligned}$$

$$31) \frac{a}{a+3} + \frac{a+5}{4} \stackrel{a+3}{=} \frac{a^2 + 12a + 15}{4(a+3)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 4a + (a+5)(a+3) \\ & 4a + a^2 + 8a + 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$37) \frac{y^2 + 2y - 1}{3y+1} - \frac{2y^2 - 3}{3y+1} = \frac{-y^2 + 2y + 2}{3y+1}$$

$$39) \frac{r-5}{9+p^3} - \frac{2k+1}{9+p^3} = \frac{-2k+r-6}{9+p^3}$$

$$41) \frac{9}{x+2} + \frac{x-3}{x+2} = \frac{9x+18+x-3}{x+2} = \frac{10x+15}{x+2}$$

$$\frac{5(2x+3)}{x+2}$$