

Possessive Pronouns

- A **possessive pronoun** replaces one or more possessive nouns:

Keesha's painting is beautiful.

Her painting is beautiful.

- A possessive pronoun may replace a group of words:

The picture that belongs to me is on the wall.

My picture is on the wall.

- These possessive pronouns are used before a noun: *my, your, her, his, its, our, and their.*

1. Julie's and Wilma's projects won prizes. Their
2. Robert's homework is in his backpack.
3. We put the bird in the bird's cage.
4. Are you going to eat the sandwich that belongs to you?
your sandwich
5. Jan and Adam will display the art that belongs to them.

- These possessive pronouns stand alone; they are not used before a noun: *mine, yours, hers, ours, and theirs.*
- *His* and *its* may be used before a noun, or they may stand alone.

6. The display in the corner is my display. mine
7. The blue book is his book.
8. My brother and I worked on our bikes together.
9. Take your books with you.

Reflexive Pronouns

- A reflexive pronoun follows an action verb or a preposition.
- A reflexive pronoun refers back to the subject of the sentence.
- Reflexive pronouns end in *-self* or *-selves*.

1. He hurt himself by dropping a rock on his foot.
2. If you don't respect _____, others won't respect you.
3. The players call _____ the Fighting Lions.
4. I disappointed _____ by not doing well on the test.
5. Do the two of you want to play a game with us, or by _____?
6. We don't like to sit all by _____ at lunch.