

Conflicts in Africa

The Crisis in Darfur, Sudan

Terms- Define the following:

Civil War- A war between citizens of the same country

Refugee- person who flees their home or country because of safety (danger)

Genocide- planned extermination of an entire national, racial, political, or ethnic group

“Darfur in Ten minutes” Video Questions:

1) Name 3 things that have caused the conflict in Darfur.

- 1) Ethnicity- Arabs vs. Black Africans
- 2) Oil- unevenly distributed wealth
- 3) Desertification- lack of good land

2) What is the name of the armed gunmen who are nomadic Arabic speaking tribes that have destroyed many villages and massacred many people in Darfur?

Janjaweed- “Devils on horseback”

Critical Thinking:

3) Why is the Crisis in Darfur considered genocide?

Arab (Janjaweed) are attempting to get rid of people considered Black African (non-Arab).

Results of Conflicts in Sudan

- Eventually Sudan breaks into two nations- Sudan & South Sudan.
- July 9th, 2011: The Republic of South Sudan celebrates its birthday. On July 14, 2011 The Republic of South Sudan joined the United Nations as the world's 193rd nation.

Conflicts in Africa-Nearpod

Causes



Effects

Why does Africa have so many countries in civil war?

- poverty
- Corrupt governments or poor leaders
- fights over natural resources (oil, diamonds, etc)
- Ethnic Hatred
- Religious differences

How are the citizens of Africa impacted by these conflicts in their countries? Describe 3 ways.

- Millions have died
- Many live in poverty
- Many have become refugees
- Many children are orphans
- Homes and villages are destroyed